

DOCUMENT BOOK I MUELLER No. 2  
EXHIBIT No. 4

AFFIDAVIT  
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I, Dr. Paul Krueger,  
born on 14 July 1888 in Berlin,  
domiciled, Essen, Beisoweg 5,  
have been duly warned that I render myself liable to  
punishment if I make a false affidavit.

I declare on oath that my statements are true  
and are made in order to be presented as evidence to  
the American Military Tribunal III, in the Palace  
of Justice at Nuernberg, Germany.

On 8 April 1914 I joined the firm of Krupp department  
Artillery Development as designer. After the first  
world war I worked in the locomotive and car construction  
of the firm of Krupp.

In October 1930 I returned to the department  
Artillery Development.

My field of work included inner ballistics, barrel  
design and later also ammunition development.

When I rejoined Artillery Development in  
October 1930, I knew that already prior to the first  
world war in about 1908, Artillery Development together  
with the Swede, Unge, had been active in the field  
of rocket research. On this and on the theoretical  
basis of the rocket problem Prof. v. Eberhard had  
published in the book "Cranz Innenballistik" which  
came out in 1926, an essay as a general scientific  
contribution of which I also knew.

I was informed that the rocket inventor Tiling  
who was not connected with the firm of Krupp, had  
received permission from the navy command in 1930,  
on the occasion of naval experiments on the firing  
range Meppen to fire rockets designed and manufactured  
by him.

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As far as I was told at the time his tests produced negative results because the rockets, before they reached the target, disintegrated in the air or made unpredictable curves. The firm of Krupp had not taken part in the design and building of these Tiling rockets or their firing platforms and had also protested against such inventor tests on the firing range Meppen, which were without a theoretical basis, without, however, having been able to prevail against the navy command.

As may be seen from Exh. No. 52 in Doc. Book 5 B, Document No. D 213, Krupp on 1 April 1930 took over the drawing work for the outer shape and steering mechanism of a rocket and for the firing platform belonging to it and on 22 April 1930 received the further order to design a rocket according to specification by the navy command.

The letter was answered on 17 July 1930 by Krupp. I suppose that it was a confirmation of the order. I do not, however, remember that drawings or calculations were made. Any such happening should have come to my notice since as from 1 October 1930 I made myself familiar with current activities. Also Herr Dührberg who was in charge of the outer ballistic department under Prof. v. Eberhard, does not remember that at that time calculations were made on the flight of such rockets.

At the end of 1930 or early in 1931 the rocket problem was taken up by the Army Ordnance Office. At that time Krupp was merely given an order for the design of a simple angle-iron stand for signaling projectiles <sup>according</sup> to specifications and sketches supplied by the Army Ordnance Office. These instructions were handed to me personally on the occasion of a visit to Meppen for firing trials, by

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Colonel Zwengauer for the attention of Dr. Ritter of Artillery Development. The drawings of the stand were prepared by the Herlein department Dorn section, of Artillery Development.

At a second test with Tiling rockets late in 1931 or early in 1932 and its completion in Meppen, which was again permitted to the inventor by the Navy command, I was on the spot myself. Together with a few other gentlemen of Krupp I was instructed by the Navy command to absent myself from the rocket tests. After the tests I was told by the inventor personally that they involved a black powder mail rocket stabilised by fins, which was intended to serve a purely peaceful purpose, i.e. postal service to islands, light-houses, etc. by means of a suitable container.

The firing distance calculated by him, however, had not been attained.

signed: Paul Krueger.

The above signature of Herr Paul Krueger was appended before me and is certified and witnessed hereby.

Essen, 17 March 1948

signed: Reitzenstein

Defense Counsel at the American Military  
Tribunal in Nuernberg.

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