

Eduard Houdremont, born 19 May 1896 in Luxembourg, became a German citizen in or about 1934/1935. In 1926 he joined the Steel Works Department of the Gusstahlfabrik as manager's assistant, and in 1932 became plant manager of the Central Steel Office, defendant Korschan being one of his colleagues.

In 1941 he was appointed deputy member of the Vorstand. (In his affidavit it says "directorium" but that must be a mistake.) On 1 April 1943 he became a member of the Vorstand. In November of the same year he was put in charge of the Konzern management in the technical questions regarding manufacture in the machine factories. After the conversion of the firm under the Lex Krupp, he became a member of the Directorium and Plenipotentiary General. In September 1944 he was appointed Plant Leader of the Gusstahlfabrik. He was also a member of the Aufsichtsrat of the Bertha Werk, A.G.

The defendant held the following official and political positions: member of the Sub-Group "Refined Steel" of the Economic Group Iron, and a member of the Technical Beirat (Council) for Alloy Questions; member of the Special Committee for Scarce ~~Ma~~ Metals in the Reich Ministry for Armament and War Production and, since 1942, Special Commissioner for ~~Ma~~ Metal Conversion for this ministry and the Reich Ministry of Economy. In the Association of German Iron Foundry Engineers, of which he had been a member since 1920 or 1921, he became the chairman of the Production Material Board

in 1943, and the deputy official for the coordination of technical problems arising out of the policy to smelt German raw materials in a more concentrated manner in order to meet the requirements of the Four-Year Plan.

The defendant was a member of the NSDAP since 1 July 1940, and received the Knights Cross of the War Merit Cross, and the War Merit Cross, 1st and 2nd Class. He was given the title of Military Economy Leader.

(Ex. 9, Bk. I, p. 42, NIK-12032)